# California Demonstration Energy Efficiency-Indoor Environmental Quality Project: Predicted Relocatable Classroom Indoor Air Quality due to Low-Emitting Interior Materials and Enhanced Ventilation

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Supported by the California Energy Commission

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## Improving IEQ in Relocatable Classrooms

**LBNL – Davis Energy Group** 

Supported by the California Energy Commission

- ☐ Goals: In relocatable classrooms (RCs), quantify and demonstrate benefits of technologies that simultaneously save energy and improve indoor environmental quality (IEQ).
- **Problem:** Opportunities for simultaneous energy and IEQ benefits not adequately recognized or quantified.
- Anticipated Long-Term Benefits
  - Exposure reduction, Energy savings, & Improved health and learning



RCs at Rose Avenue Elementary School

## Improving IEQ in Relocatable Classrooms (RCs)

Collaborators: LBNL – Davis Energy Group –American Modular Systems (AMS) –

Tasks

Cupertino Unified and Modesto City School Districts

## ☐ Energy and IAQ Field Studies in 4 new RCs

- Quantify energy and IEQ performance of indirect/direct evaporative cooling (IDEC) performance vs. standard system
- Improve input data for models of RC performance
- □ Work with RC manufacturer(s) to implement practical volatile organic compound (VOC) source control strategies.
- ☐ Energy Simulation and State-Wide Energy Savings
  - □ DOE-2 modeling and energy/cost-benefit analyses for California climates

### **Status**

RCs constructed & installed, 8 weeks of cooling season data collected.





# VOC Source Control Strategies TASKS

- Evaluate interior finish materials for RCs for VOC and aldehyde sources.
- Characterize the current sources of VOCs of concern with respect to health and comfort
- □ Identify practical procedures for reducing classroom concentrations of these compounds, i.e., substitution
- Select suitable alternate materials for construction of two experimental RCs
- Monitor VOCs and aldehyde concentrations and source strengths in standard and experimental RCs

## **Study Design**

- □ Two RCs each in Two Schools:
  - 1 in extreme climate (MCS)
  - 1 in moderate climate (CUSD)
- ☐ Each School has:
  - 1 RC w/standard materials
  - 1 RC w/selected low VOC materials
- ☐ Each RC has two HVAC systems

BARD - standard heat pump (0-15 CFM/person)

IDEC - low energy (continuous 15 CFM/person)



IDEC and Standard HVAC at Stevens Creek Elementary School



### **Materials and Methods**

- ☐ Selected Mfr.: American Modular Systems (AMS)
- ☐ AMS provided standard RC interior material samples
- □ Standard materials differed slightly in CUSD and MCS designs
- ☐ Potential alternate low-VOC emitting material samples collected from building industry sources.



- Materials prepared in laboratory for standard testing procedure
- ☐ Conditioned in 19 L chambers for 10dy
- □ VOC & aldehyde samples collected in 10L chambers for 96h
- □ GCMS & HPLC Analyses

### Criteria for Alternative Material Selection

Parameter	<b>Evaluation Procedure</b>
Chemicals of concern and odorous compounds	Estimate concentrations for ventilated and closed conditions using emission factors and classroom parameters
Compounds with RELs*	Compare estimated concentrations with guideline values
Odorous compounds	Compare estimated concentrations with odor thresholds
Material performance	Consider appearance, durability, maintenance requirements, sound properties, etc.
Cost	Compare material and installed costs of standard and alternate materials
Acceptability	School districts and manufacturer can reject recommended alternate materials

<sup>\*</sup>RELs = Reference Exposure Levels



### **Tested Standard and Alternate Materials**

Material Description	Code*	Class
Carpet		
Olefin fiber broadloom carpet bonded to plywood w/solvent-free full-spread adhesive	BLC1-s	Std
Nylon 6,6 fiber broadloom carpet bonded to plywood w/solvent-free full-spread adhesive	BLC2	Alt
Nylon 6 fiber broadloom carpet bonded to plywood w/adhesive tape	BLC3	Alt
Nylon 6,6 fiber broadloom carpet bonded to plywood w/adhesive tape	BLC4	Alt
Nylon 6,6 fiber olefin hardback carpet	HBC	Alt
Nylon 6,6 fiber closed cell vinyl cushion carpet	VCC	Alt
Resilient Flooring		
Sheet vinyl flooring	SVF-s	Std
Vinyl composition floor tile	VCT-s	Std
Resilient floor tile, chlorine-free	RFT	Alt
Tackable Wall Panel		
Vinyl covered fiberboard wall panel	VWP1-s	Std
Teflon-coated vinyl covered fiberboard wall panel	VWP2	Alt
Vinyl covered mineral fiber wall panel	VWP3	Alt
Fabric covered mineral fiber wall panel	FWP1	Alt
Fabric covered recycled paperboard wall panel	FWP2	Alt
Ceiling Panel		
Fiberglass ceiling panel	FCP-s	Std
Mineral fiber ceiling panel w/anti-microbial agent	MCP1	Alt
Mineral fiber ceiling panel	MCP2	Alt



## Materials Selection - VOC Criteria

Criteria	Date
Air Toxics Hot Spots Program Risk Assessment Guidelines; Chemicals with Established Noncancer Chronic Reference Exposure Levels (RELs); Calif. EPA, Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment	May 2000
Substances Identified as Toxic Air Contaminants (TACs, includes all Hazardous Air Pollutants listed in the Federal Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990); Calif. EPA, Air Resources Board	Mar. 2001
Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65); Chemicals Known to the State to Cause Cancer or Reproductive Toxicity; Calif. EPA, Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment	Feb. 2001
Potential odor effect. from standardized human olfactory thresholds (Devos <i>et al.</i> , 1990).	1990



# Number of Compounds Identified in Materials by Chemical Class: Carpet and Flooring

	Number of Compounds									
<b>Chemical Class</b>	BLC1-s	BLC2	BLC3	BLC4	НВС	VCC	VCT-s	SVF-s	RFT	
Aldehyde	3	8	8	7	1	2		1	1	
Ketone	1	2	1	1	1					
Carboxylic acid		1	1	1	1	2				
Alcohol	5	5	5	4	1	2	2	2		
Glycol ether		1	3	3			1			
Acetate and ester	2	1	2	3		1		2	1	
Chlorinated cpd.	1	1								
Aromatic HC <sup>a</sup>	4	7	1	1	6			19	1	
Terpene HC	10	8	1	1						
Alkene HC						1				
Cyclic HC	5	3								
Alkane HC	4	5	2	2				4	1	
Nitrogen compound	1		2	1	1	1				
Unidentified cpd.				3		2	1	10		
Total Number	36	42	26	27	11	11	4	42	4	

Note: s designation = standard material



# Number of Compounds Identified in Materials by Chemical Class: Wall and Ceiling Panels

	Number of Compounds									
Chemical Class	VWP1-s	VWP2	VWP3	FWP1	FWP2	FCP-s	MCP1	MCP2		
Aldehyde	2	2	4	5	9	1	2	1		
Ketone					1					
Carboxylic acid	1		2	1	5					
Alcohol	3	1	1	1		1				
Glycol ether	1		1	2	1		2			
Acetate and ester	1	3			1		1	1		
Chlorinated Cpd.				1						
Aromatic HC <sup>a</sup>	9	1	12	4						
Terpene HC							1			
Cyclic HC	3		3							
Alkane HC	8	2	2		1					
Nitrogen compound	1						1			
Silicone compound	1									
Unidentified Cpd.						1		1		
Total Number	30	9	25	14	18	3	7	3		

Note: s designation = standard material



## Final Study RC Material Selections

#### **Standard RC**

#### **Experimental RC**

Nylon 6.6 fiber, olefin hardback carpet bonded to

plywood with adhesive tape (MCS)

#### **Floor Covering**

Olefin fiber broadloom carpet bonded to plywood with solvent-free full-spread adhesive (MCS)

Nylon 6,6 fiber broadloom carpet bonded to plywood with solvent-free full-spread adhesive (CUSD)

Vinyl composition floor tiles (MCS)

Sheet vinyl flooring (CUSD)

#### Walls (CUSD & MCS)

Vinyl covered fiberboard wall panels

Teflon-coated vinyl covered fiberboard wall panels

#### Ceiling (CUSD &MCS)

Fiberglass ceiling panels

Mineral fiber ceiling panels



# Predicted VOC Concentrations CUSD

	Predicted Concentration, ppb RC 1c RC 2 RC 1c RC 2									
Compound	REL <sup>d</sup> ppb	@ 680 m <sup>3</sup> h <sup>-1</sup>	@ 33 m <sup>3</sup> h <sup>-1</sup>	@ 535 m <sup>3</sup> h <sup>-1</sup>		RC 1c Identified Sources <sup>e</sup>	RC 2 Identified Sources			
Formaldehyde	2	3.3	67.1			СР				
Acetaldehyde	5	5.0	103	4.1	66.7	C, SVF, WP	C, SVF, WP			
2-Butanone		0.1	2.5	0.2	2.5	C	C			
Phenol	50	3.6	74.5	1.8	28.6	SVF, WP, CP	SVF, WP			
DEGBE <sup>a</sup>		1.1	23.1	0.1	2.0	C, WP	C			
Vinyl acetate		32.4	668	14.4	233	WP	WP			
Tetrachloroethene		< 0.1	0.5	< 0.1	0.5	C	C			
Toluene	70			0.9	15.1		WP			
1,2,4-TMB <sup>b</sup>		0.4	7.8	0.1	2.1	SVF, WP	SVF			
Naphthalene	2	0.1	1.4	0.1	1.4	C	C			
1-Methyl-2- pyrrolidinone		5.3	109			WP				

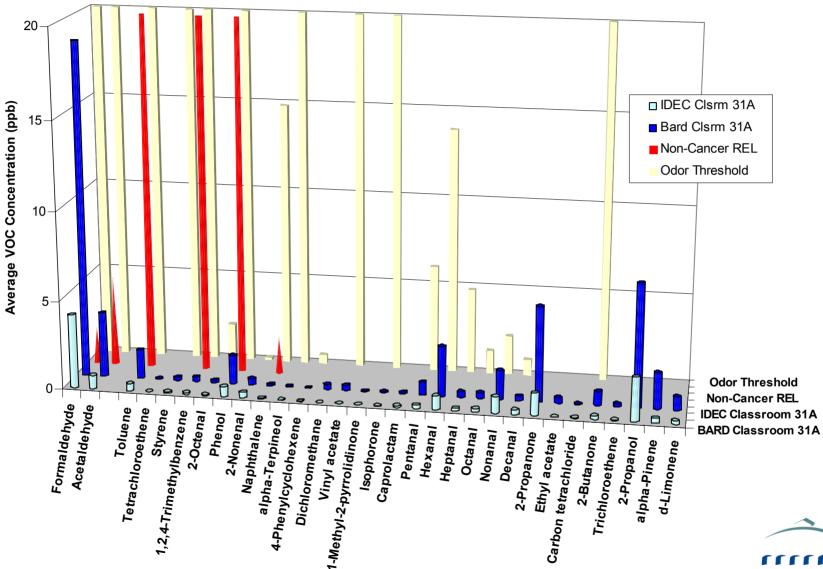


# Predicted VOC Concentrations MCS

Predicted Concentration, ppb								
Compound	REL <sup>d</sup> ppb	@ 535 m <sup>3</sup> h <sup>-1</sup>	2 3c	@ 535 m <sup>3</sup> h <sup>-1</sup>	©4 @ 33 m³ h <sup>-1</sup>	RC 3c Identified Sources <sup>e</sup>	RC 4 Identified Sources	
Formaldehyde	2	4.1	67.1	<1	8.1	СР	С	
Acetaldehyde	5	4.4	71.9	2.2	35.4	WP	WP	
Isophorone				< 0.1	0.7		C	
Phenol	50	3.1	50.3	0.3	4.4	WP, CP	WP	
DEGBE <sup>a</sup>		1.3	21.2	< 0.1	0.1	VCT, WP	VCT	
Vinyl acetate		41.2	668	14.4	233	WP	WP	
Toluene	70			0.9	15.1		WP	
Styrene	200	0.1	1.0			C		
1,2,4-TMB <sup>b</sup>		0.4	5.7			WP		
1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidinone		6.9	111			C, WP		
Caprolactam				0.3	4.6		C	



### VOC Results: CUSD RC-A IDEC vs. Bard



## VOC Results: MCS RC-A vs. RC-B IDEC

